

GOLF SWING PRACTICE APPARATUS AND ASSOCIATED METHOD

Field Of The Invention

The present invention relates to the field of golf and, more particularly, to a golf swing practice apparatus producing the image of a golf ball to simulate an actual ball.

Background Of The Invention

Those who have tried the game of golf appreciate the fact that the game presents a challenge to even experienced players attempting to perfect an effective golf swing. Practice of the golf swing is a task which both experienced and novice players must continually perform in their search for improvement. Such golf practice typically requires use of a golf practice range, and a large number of golf balls. Of course, a golfer may practice swinging a golf club without using a ball, but this does not produce the same effect as if there were a ball set upon a tee for the golfer to hit. In addition, it would be of great advantage if there were an easily portable device which would allow a golfer to practice the golf swing within a restricted space, and with a golf ball positioned ready to be hit as an aid in improving the golfer's address of the ball and golf swing.

Summary Of The Invention

With the foregoing in mind, the present invention advantageously provides a golf swing practice apparatus which requires no golf balls and, accordingly, may be used
5 inside a home or office, and is portable so that the golfer may take the apparatus to the golf course, or practice range to use in warm-up practice.

The golf swing practice apparatus comprises a playing surface for a golfer to thereon practice a swing, and a
10 reflector positioned adjacent the playing surface, the reflector having a curved reflecting surface adapted for focusing a reflection of a golf ball so as to produce an image of the golf ball appearing on the playing surface for the golfer to swing therethrough.

15 The golf swing practice apparatus preferably includes a support for supporting the playing surface. In this embodiment, the reflector is positioned in the support underlying the playing surface, the reflector having a curved reflecting surface adapted for focusing a
20 reflection of a golf ball so as to produce an image of the golf ball appearing adjacent the playing surface, the image serving for a golfer to swing a golf club therethrough. A further embodiment of the invention includes a housing storing the playing surface, support
25 and reflector so as to make the golf swing practice apparatus portable. The housing itself may provide sufficient support so as to render unnecessary a separate support frame, so that the housing itself constitutes the support.

30 A method associated with the invention includes practicing a golf swing by reflecting the image of a golf ball from a curved reflecting surface to form an image of

the golf ball appearing adjacent the reflecting surface, and swinging a golf club through the image of the golf ball.

5

Brief Description Of The Drawings

Some of the features, advantages, and benefits of the present invention having been stated, others will become apparent as the description proceeds when taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings in which:

10 FIG. 1 is a top perspective view of the golf swing practice apparatus according to an embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. 2 shows a top plan view of the apparatus of FIG. 1;

15 FIG. 3 shows a top plan view of another preferred embodiment of the apparatus of FIG. 1; and

FIG. 4 is a diagrammatic cross sectional view of a curved reflector suitable for use in the present invention.

20

Detailed Description of Preferred Embodiments

The present invention will now be described more fully hereinafter with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which preferred embodiments of the invention are shown. This invention may, however, be embodied in many different forms and should not be construed as limited to the illustrated embodiments set forth herein. Rather, these illustrated embodiments are provided so that this disclosure will be thorough and complete, and will fully convey the scope of the invention to those skilled in the art.

In a preferred embodiment the present invention employs reflector technology described in U.S. Patent No. 3,647,284 issued to Elings et al. on March 7, 1972, said patent being incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

FIGS. 1 through 4 illustrate the golf swing practice apparatus **10** of the present invention. The practice apparatus comprises a playing surface **12** for a golfer to thereon practice a swing, and a reflector **14** positioned adjacent the playing surface. As shown in FIG. 4, the reflector **14** comprises a curved reflecting surface adapted for focusing a reflection of a golf ball **16** so as to produce an image **18** of the golf ball appearing adjacent the playing surface **12**. The curved reflecting surface preferably comprises at least one paraboloid reflecting surface, as shown in FIG. 4. The skilled will realize, however, that the curved reflector **14** may comprise a plurality of reflecting surfaces arranged relative to each other so as to produce the desired image **18** appearing adjacent the playing surface, and that the reflector illustrated by way of non-limiting example in FIG. 4 produces a real image of the golf ball.

As shown in FIG. 4, the curved reflector **14** includes an opening **20** in an upper reflecting surface. The reflection of a golf ball **16** positioned within the curved reflector is focused through this opening so as to produce an image **18** appearing above the curved reflector **14**, as illustrated in FIGS. 1-4. The opening **20** in reflector **14** may be covered with a clear cover (not shown) which preferably may be plastic, to thereby protect from debris the reflecting surfaces inside the reflector. This clear

plastic cover may be removable to allow access to the golf ball **16** inside the reflector. The reflector **14** and playing surface **12** are positioned relative each other so that the image **18** of the golf ball appears to an observer 5 to be adjacent the reflector and generally on the playing surface, as shown in FIGS. 1-3. The golfer may then address the image **18** of the golf ball **16** with the club head in preparation for a practice swing.

The present invention additionally comprises a 10 standing surface **22** adjacent the playing surface **12** for a golfer to stand thereon. The standing surface **22** may be a separate component of the practice apparatus **10**, as shown in FIGS. 1-3, may be a single piece with the playing surface **12**, or may be a separate piece connected thereto. 15 Additionally, the playing surface **12** of the practice apparatus **10** may advantageously be provided with a natural surface cover such as grass. Alternatively, the playing surface may comprise an artificial surface cover such as synthetic grass. As noted above, the golf swing practice 20 apparatus **10** may additionally comprise a support supporting the playing surface. The standing surface **22** is preferably also supported by a support.

In another preferred embodiment the golf swing practice apparatus comprises a playing surface **12**, a 25 support, and a reflector **14**. The playing surface has an opening **24** therethrough, as seen in FIGS. 1-3. A housing **26** acts as support for the playing surface **12**, and the reflector **14** is positioned in the housing underlying the playing surface, as best shown in FIG. 1. The reflector 30 **14** comprises a curved reflecting surface adapted for focusing a reflection of a golf ball **16** through the

opening **24** in the playing surface **12** so as to produce an image **18** of the golf ball appearing adjacent the playing surface and preferably just above the opening, as illustrated in FIGS. 1-3.

5 Those skilled in the game of golf understand that golfers will stand at different distances from the ball in preparation for taking a swing, depending on the height of the golfer. Additionally, the angle at which the golfer views the ball will also vary according to the golfer's
10 height, or according to the length of the golf club being used. Therefore, the present invention provides for raising or lowering the placement of a golf ball **16** within the curved reflector **14**, as illustrated in FIG. 1, to allow for positional adjustment of the image **18** produced.
15 This adjustment is preferably made by having the golf ball **16** mounted on a tee **28** which can be manually adjusted. The tee **28** may comprise a threaded member, as shown in FIG. 1, that allows raising or lowering the golf ball **16** in small increments within the reflector. It should be
20 understood that the position where the image **18** appears is also dependent upon the exact geometry of the curved reflector **14**, and it may be desirable to provide the golf swing practice apparatus having a reflector geometry especially configured for short, medium, and tall golfers.
25 Further, as shown in FIG. 1, the invention also provides for tilting the reflector **14** by manipulating lever **30**, allowing adjustment of the position of the image **18** particularly for use with irons, since these clubs require that the golfer stand closer to the ball for a proper
30 swing.

In yet another preferred embodiment, the golf swing practice apparatus **10** described above further comprises a housing **26** which acts as a support for the playing surface, and wherein the reflector **14** is positioned so as 5 to make the practice apparatus portable. The housing **26** may advantageously comprise the playing surface **12** and the standing surface **22**, and may have a latch for securing both portions together in a closed position, as schematically indicated in FIG. 1. Additionally, the 10 housing **26** is best disposed with an outer surface which comprises the playing surface **12**. In an alternative embodiment, the housing **26** may be a separate component of the invention, serving to store the playing surface **12**, a support (not shown), and the reflector **14**. The skilled 15 artisan will recognize that the housing **26** may also be disposed with one or more wheels and with one or more handles to facilitate portability of the apparatus. Further, the housing **26** may fold in the manner of a suitcase and may comprise a latch **27** for securing the 20 housing in a closed position, thus providing ease of portability for the apparatus.

Other features of the invention include the playing and standing surfaces **12,22** of the present invention being preferably constructed of a durable, lightweight material 25 to thereby make the invention weather resistant and easily portable. For example, a preferred material for making the invention is a plastic material, although other materials may also be suitable. A two-part housing **26**, as shown in FIG. 1, comprising separable standing and playing 30 surfaces would allow for adjustment of the distance between the two, to accommodate golfers of different

sizes. Alternatively, the standing and playing surfaces **22,12** could remain adjustably connected to each other, allowing for increasing or decreasing the distance therebetween. Further, the standing and playing surfaces 5 **22,12** could display thereon lines or other indicia for aiding the golfer in aligning a proper swing.

Additional aspects of the present golf swing practice apparatus **10** include providing at least one light source (not shown) associated with the curved reflecting surface 10 to produce an illuminated image **18** of the golf ball **16** to thereby facilitating golf swing practice in reduced light conditions. Further, the apparatus may be disposed with one or more sensors **32** responsive to the path and orientation of the club head as the golfer swings the 15 club. An example is shown in FIG. 3, wherein sensors **32** comprising motion activated light sources such as light-emitting diodes (LEDs) are positioned along the playing surface **12**. By observing the pattern of activated LEDs, the golfer may be guided to adjust an improper swing arc. 20 The skilled will recognize that the invention includes the use of sensors **32** to monitor the golf swing, and that a sensor, or sensors, other than as shown and described by way of example, may be employed and are intended to be included within the scope of the invention. The sensors 25 may activate both visual and audible signals responsive to a desired golf swing path. By way of further example, the sensor **32** or a sensor array may indicate a golf swing path by responsively activating a sound imitating either a properly or improperly hit golf ball.

30 The golf swing practice apparatus **10** of the present invention may be used as a self-standing practice device,

DRAFTED BY COMPUTER

but may also be preferably deployed in combination with a typical golf practice range having a plurality of golf swing practice stations, so that the golf swing practice apparatus comprises at least one of the plurality of golf
5 swing practice stations. For use in a golf practice range, it may be desirable to install the practice apparatus so that its playing surface is flush with the adjacent ground, thus simulating a typical practice station. A practice station disposed with the present
10 invention would advantageously allow a golfer to take practice swings at the image **18** of a golf ball **16**, without requiring the purchase, use, and recovery of the normally necessary range balls. The present invention would thus provide an ideal warm-up practice station.

15 A method aspect of the present invention for practicing a golf swing includes reflecting the image of a golf ball from a curved reflecting surface to form an image of the golf ball appearing adjacent the reflecting surface, and swinging a golf club through the image of the
20 golf ball to thereby practice the golf swing.

25 In the drawings and specification, there have been disclosed a typical preferred embodiments of the invention, and although specific terms are employed, the terms are used in a descriptive sense only and not for purposes of limitation. The invention has been described in considerable detail with specific reference to these illustrated embodiments. It will be apparent, however, that various modifications and changes can be made within the spirit and scope of the invention as described in the
30 foregoing specification and as defined in the appended claims.